

# Measurement of the $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{64}\text{Ni}, n)^{271}\text{Ds}$ ( $Z = 110$ ) Excitation Function

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In preparation for an experiment on the production of element  $^{272}\text{111}$  in the  $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{65}\text{Cu}, n)$  reaction [1], the excitation function for the  $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{64}\text{Ni}, n)^{271}\text{Ds}$  reaction was measured at the LBNL 88-Inch Cyclotron using the Berkeley Gas-filled Separator. Previous work established the cross section at one beam energy [2], and two new energies were measured in the current work. The lab-frame beam energies ( $E_{\text{cot}}$ ) in the center of the  $470\text{-}\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$  targets (98.4%  $^{208}\text{Pb}$ , 1.1%  $^{207}\text{Pb}$ , 0.5%  $^{206}\text{Pb}$ ) were 314.3 MeV and 311.5 MeV, leading to compound nucleus excitation energies of 16.2 MeV and 14.1 MeV, respectively (masses taken from Ref. [3]). The total  $^{64}\text{Ni}^{14+}$  beam doses were  $2.9 \times 10^{17}$  and  $2.3 \times 10^{17}$ , respectively.

Preliminary results are available, and events assigned to the decay of  $^{271}\text{Ds}$  are shown in Fig. 1. Chains 1 and 2 were observed at  $E_{\text{cot}} = 314.3$  MeV and chains 3-7 were observed at  $E_{\text{cot}} = 311.5$  MeV. These decay chains show excellent agreement with previously published data on the decay of this nucleus [2,4-5].  $^{271}\text{Ds}$  was observed to decay via alpha particle emission with a half-life of  $1.6^{+0.9}_{-0.5}$  ms. Decay of the known  $^{271\text{m}}\text{Ds}$  isomer ( $t_{1/2} = 56$  ms,  $E_{\alpha} = 10709$  keV) was not observed.  $^{267}\text{Hs}$  decayed with two half-lives of  $55^{+32}_{-18}$  ms and  $0.9^{+12}_{-4.5}$  ms. The latter may be due to an isomer but the current data are inconclusive. Only the decay of isomeric  $^{263\text{m}}\text{Sg}$  was observed. The observed  $^{259}\text{Rf}$  decays are consistent with known

data, as are the  $^{255}\text{No}$  decays. Some of the latter may be due to random correlations, as the correlation time is long. The average magnetic rigidity of the evaporation residues in helium was 2.09 T m.

The observed cross sections at  $E_{\text{cot}} = 314.3$  MeV and 311.5 MeV were  $7.7^{+10}_{-5.2}$  pb and  $20^{+15}_{-11}$  pb, respectively. Chain 3 was not included in the latter cross section because it was observed with a set of targets later determined to be too thick for an accurate cross section measurement. These data, and the two events at  $E_{\text{cot}} = 309.2$  MeV with cross section  $8.3^{+11}_{-5.3}$  pb measured in Ref. [2], establish an excitation function for the  $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{64}\text{Ni}, n)^{271}\text{Ds}$  reaction.

## REFERENCES

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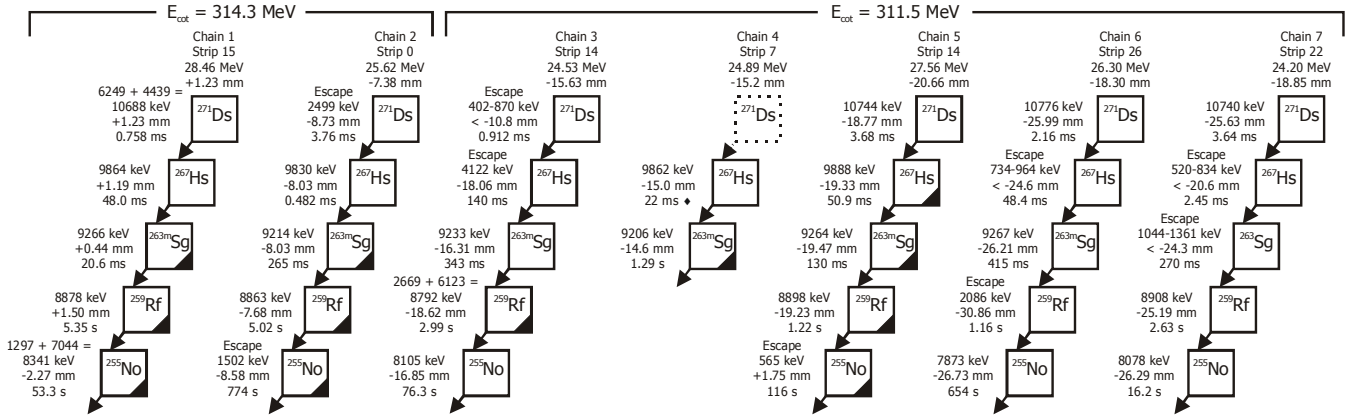


FIG. 1: Events attributed to  $^{271}\text{Ds}$  in the  $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{64}\text{Ni}, n)$  reaction. The notation  $x + y = z$  keV indicates an escape alpha event where  $x$  keV was deposited in a strip detector and  $y$  keV was deposited in an upstream detector, with sum  $z$  keV. A black triangle in the lower right corner indicates the decay was observed with the beam off. Chain 4 was not observed in its entirety due to a design flaw in the data acquisition system. The lifetime marked with a diamond ( $\blacklozenge$ ) is the sum of the  $^{271}\text{Ds}$  and  $^{267}\text{Hs}$  lifetimes.